

PRESIDENT WILL VISIT FRANCE, BRITAIN AND ITALY ON TRIP

a greatly extended German federation. Such a federation, with William Hohenzollern at its head, the Express argues, would carry the seed of another world war. It insists that the former Emperor must be seized and his activities prevented. The Daily Chronicle in an editorial makes a similar demand.

BURGOMASTER MAX BACK, GETS OVATION IN BRUSSELS

Belgian Official Imprisoned in Germany Is Released Under Armistice Terms.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 19.—Adolphe Max, the Burgomaster of Brussels, returned from captivity to-day and was given an enthusiastic ovation by the populace. Burgomaster Max was arrested while performing his duties in Brussels late in September, 1915, after discussions with the German Governor, Gen. von der Goltz. He was taken to Germany and refused offers of the German Government to be returned to Belgium if he would change his attitude toward the Germans. In August, 1917, King Alfonso of Spain made a fruitless attempt to obtain the release of Burgomaster Max. He was liberated by the Germans several days ago in accordance with the armistice agreement.

POLES SLAYING JEWS IN WESTERN GALICIA

Advices to Stockholm Say Legionnaires Are Taking Part in Small Town Killings.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 19.—Anti-Jewish outbreaks, with numerous fatalities to Jews, have occurred in small towns in the western part of Polish Galicia, according to the Jewish Press Bureau here. In Silesia Polish legionnaires killed six Jews, the Bureau's advice state, while at Charnow no Jews were slain. Other anti-Semitic outbreaks have occurred, it is stated, at Dombrowa, Jasano and other cities.

200 KILLED IN EXPLOSION AT TOWN NEAR COLOGNE

Reports to Paris Do Not Describe Nature of Blast at Wahn, Germany.

PARIS, Two hundred persons were killed in an explosion at Wahn, southeast of Cologne, Germany, according to reports received here.

LEGIONNAIRE IN ROMANCE.

Sergeant Dietmann to Wed Abigail Sweetheart He Met Here.

A romance that began in Alsace was transferred to-day to the office of City Clerk Scully when a marriage license was issued to Sergeant Alfred Dietmann, thirty-four, a member of the French Foreign Legion of No. 157 Broadway, and Abigail Sweetheart, thirty, of No. 631 Tenth Avenue.

Both were born in Alsace of French parents. They met for the first time since childhood when Sergeant Dietmann came to this country with the members of the Foreign Legion to assist in the last Liberty Loan Drive. They are to be married at the Church of St. Vincent de Paul next Thursday.

JUMPS FROM BRIDGE.

Unidentified Man Dives Into East River—Body Not Found.

A man, apparently thirty years old, 5 feet 6 inches in height and wearing a brown fedora hat and brown overcoat, took a header from the center span of the Manhattan Bridge at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, and the body has not been found.

The act was witnessed by Frank McClure of No. 144 East 24th Street and George Hancock of No. 15 Bowers, who were walking across the bridge on the south promenade. They say that he threw his hat on the bridge, climbed the span and dived into the river.

Like Bread You Knew Before the War

Food Administration restrictions are now removed.

WARD'S MOTHER HUBBARD BREAD

is now made with wheat flour only—no substitutes. Has that fine wheat flavor you have longed to taste again. Creamy white—fine texture—splendid flavor—in every way as old fashioned quality Ward loaf. Wrapped by machine at the ovens. Comes to your table fresh and clean.

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ROMNEY
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Offer
a Choice for Every
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CAKES
SILVER QUEEN
SUNSHINE
GOLD
FAIRY SPOON
DEVILS DREAM
KUMING
GOLDEN HUGGET
CREAMY SPICE
SOUTHERN PRIDE

SIX DREADNOUGHTS ON WAY FROM KIEL TO BE HANDED OVER

Submarines Also Pass Out Through Kiel Canal to Surrender.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 19.—In compliance with the armistice, the German dreadnoughts Bayern, Grosser Kurfurst, Kronprinz Wilhelm, Markgraf, Kaiser and Konig Albert and the battle cruisers Seydlitz and Moltke left Kiel on Sunday on the way to the North Sea.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—German submarines to be handed over to the Allies have passed through the Kaiser Wilhelm Canal on their way to England, according to advices received in Copenhagen from Kiel and transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph Company.

The original programme for the surrender of the German fleet, as the result of conferences held between British and German naval authorities, was that the ships should leave German ports on Wednesday and would be taken over by the Allies on Thursday.

King George and the Prince of Wales left on Wednesday. Later the fleet will sail for the rendezvous assigned for the surrender ceremony.

British Admiralty reports said the German fleet was to leave its bases at 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning. Unofficial advices late yesterday said the enemy ships would not leave until Wednesday morning, and would surrender Thursday morning.

The ships named in the above dispatch are only part of those to be turned over to the Allies.

U. S. TO KEEP HOBOKEN PIERS AFTER THE WAR

Army Official Declares German Ship Lines Will Not Get Water Front Property Back.

Ships of the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd will never again sail from their old piers at Hoboken, Mayor Griffin of Hoboken was informed to-day by Maj. Simon representing Secretary of War Baker that the U. S. Government will hold the piers not only until after demobilization but for all time.

The information was volunteered when the Mayor inquired of the Major as to the cessation of work on tracks connecting the Erie and Susquehanna railroads with the Hoboken Shore road, which is owned by the Government and feeds the army piers.

Major Simon said that the work had been stopped on the order of Secretary Baker discontinuing all Government work in the country. The loop will be completed, he added, and will remain the property of Uncle Sam, as will the Hoboken and Shore Road.

The Remington Arms Company, which has three plants operating in Hoboken, and has had numerous Government contracts, this morning announced that all overtime would be cut out, the night shift taken off and Sunday work eliminated. The order takes effect immediately.

FIRST PHOTOGRAPH OF GERMAN TROOPS RETREATING THROUGH SHELL TORN BELGIUM



PETAIN INTO METZ TO-DAY AS FRENCH REACH THE RHINE

One Army of Occupation Marches to German Stream on Thirty-Mile Front.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—French troops have reached the neighborhood of the Rhine on a front of about thirty miles, from the Swiss frontier northward, it was officially announced to-day.

With Gen. Petain leading and General Castelnau and Mangin following, the French will enter Metz to-day. The city has been gaily decorated in preparation for the event.

Next Sunday or Monday, Marshal Foch and General Petain, Castelnau and Gouraud will enter Strasbourg. The official statement reads: "Large quantities of war materials and Allied prisoners have fallen into our hands."

"In Belgium we passed the railroad from Heuratum to Florenville. "We entered Saarburg, Dieuze and Morhange, and reached the proximity of the Rhine between a point north of Neu Breisach and the Swiss frontier."

Neu Breisach is a mile and a half west of the Rhine and about thirty miles north of the junction of the French, German and Swiss frontiers. French advance guards yesterday entered the town of St. Louis, opposite Basel, Switzerland.

The names of the delegates will be presently announced. There is reason for the belief that the President has determined, at least tentatively, the make-up of the delegates who will accompany him and who will sit through the conference. They are supposed to be:

ROBERT LANSING, Secretary of State.
NEWTON D. BAKER, Secretary of War.
DAVID F. HOUSTON, Secretary of Agriculture.
CHARLES E. HUGHES, former Supreme Court Justice.

It does not follow that the four men named will sign the peace pact. The precedent set by the President's going to the opening of the conference may be followed by one or more other trips of the same sort. It would not be surprising if he made another flying journey when the Peace Conference is finishing its labors and himself signed them for the United States.

Although the announcement of the President's purpose makes no mention of any other purpose of his visit abroad than to assist at the clarification of the main issues, which means an explanation of all his fourteen terms in language that admits of no misconstruction and a particular exposition of the League of Nations, it is difficult to believe that he will limit his visit to Paris and Versailles.

England will call loudly for him, and he can scarcely resist the invitation, and if he goes to England as the guest of King George he cannot very well avoid going to Italy as the guest of King Victor Emmanuel. This must make his absence from the country longer than the ordinary estimates that have been made. Allowing a week for going and coming and one week each in the three countries, it will be toward the end of January before the President returns to Washington.

He will be in touch with the Capitol by wireless or cable every hour of the time.

Mrs. Wilson, her mother, Mrs. Bolling, Joseph P. Tumulty, the President's secretary, and George Creel of the Committee on Public Information, are expected to make up the President's personal party. They are expected to visit France, Great Britain and Italy before their return to America. Belgium may be included in the visit.

The following official statement with regard to President Wilson's approaching trip was issued at the White House:

"The President expects to sail for France immediately after the opening of the regular session of Congress for the purpose of taking part in the discussion and settlement of the main features of the treaty of peace.

"It is not likely that it will be possible for him to remain throughout the sessions of the formal Peace Conference, but his presence at the outset is necessary in order to obviate the manifest disadvantages of discussion by cable in determining the greater outlines of the final treaty, about which he must necessarily be consulted.

"He will, of course, be accompanied by delegates, who will sit as the representatives of the United States throughout the conference.

PETAIN MADE MARSHAL AFTER LEADING ARMIES OF FRANCE TO VICTORY



MARSHAL PETAIN.

Commander-in-Chief of French Forces Gets Highest Military Rank.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Gen. Henri Philippe Petain, Commander-in-Chief of the French armies, has been appointed a Marshal of France, it was announced to-day.

Other divisions were maintaining the lines occupied before the armistice, while still others were moving into rest areas.

In every town the Americans are finding German material. At Vitor, in Belgium, the Germans left a hospital full of wounded, including some Americans. A German staff was still in charge. The city was undamaged, shops were open and well stocked. The Americans, who entered on the heels of the Germans, were enthusiastically welcomed.

At Tellencourt an airplane was found full of damaged planes. Some of them had been maliciously injured.

TROOPS FIND COMFORTS ON ARRIVAL AT LANDRES.

AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Nov. 19 (Associated Press).—First Division Headquarters at Landres to-day was awaiting orders at any moment to move forward. The troops on ahead were spending the day along the line reached late on Monday.

The Americans in Landres are enjoying all the comforts of a modernly equipped and newly finished German bathhouse. It is a building of two stories with concrete walls, care having been taken to make this structure a permanent one. The building is steam heated throughout.

Near the bathhouse an immense bakery of brick construction has also recently been completed. Landres was used as German headquarters for the troops opposite the Americans.

Soon after the American forces entered Landres yesterday the ovens in the German bakery were turning out bread for the newcomers. The Germans had left some rye flour behind and the American bakers mixed this with white flour at their disposal for the turning out of the fresh loaves.

The first American to enter Landres was Lieut. Harold Ephlin of Detroit, who reached the town at 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning. The first person to see him was an aged woman who ran to his automobile and tried to climb the running board. When the

Leutenant alighted she greeted him effusively.

The news of his arrival spread rapidly, and some fifty civilians waited upon Lieut. Ephlin. The woman who first greeted him insisted that he be her breakfast guest. When the other Americans arrived they found the Lieut. at table enjoying a repast of fresh eggs, toast and coffee with cream.

The Mayor of the town proclaimed the day a holiday and announced that the schools would not hold their sessions. The Germans had left on Saturday.

South of Landres the Germans abandoned a perfectly good tank of large size. They had apparently started to move it northward but later decided to leave it behind. With it were gas masks, helmets and other war materials.

WITH THE AMERICANS ADVANCING TOWARD THE RHINE, Nov. 19.—The American Third Army, advancing with machine-like precision, completed the second lap of its march toward the Rhine late last night. It halted on a general line fifteen kilometers (more than nine miles) ahead of the positions occupied the preceding night.

AUSTRIA IS QUIET; CHARLES REPORTED TO BE "HUNGRY"

People Only Seek to Gain Food and Care Nothing for Government.

VIENNA (via Geneva), Monday, Nov. 18.—The situation in Vienna, where the first American correspondent, that of the Associated Press, arrived last week, appears to be that there is more talk than disorder, with urgent need for bread. The correspondent was accompanied to Vienna by one French and one British army officer.

Former Emperor Charles, who has retired for the present to his castle at Eckartsau, is asserted by the Socialist Arbeiter Zeitung, is living on the shortest rations and possibly may be "starving" with his wife and family. The former royal family has been unable to secure meat, milk and bread in the neighboring village or even to have its washing done. They have been obliged to send away almost all of their fifty servants.

Wherever the correspondent passed on his way to Vienna, he encountered no difficulties and saw no disorders, except along the railway lines.

The formation of a new republic here has apparently been an easy task. It is now merely a question of holding the people together until a stable government can be established. The freest possible political discussions are permitted.

So far as can be observed, the Germans are carrying out the terms of the armistice in good faith. They have surrendered millions of dollars worth of materials, guns and ammunition. At several places they turned over huge ammunition dumps intact. At Boulogne, several hundred carloads of lumber, cement and steel rails and 25 guns fell into the hands of the Americans.

At Longwy, hundreds of cars, scores of locomotives, 3,500 machine guns, thousands of rifles and various other materials were surrendered. At many other points there were similar scenes.

Most of the towns are undamaged or only slightly so. The German withdrawal continues far ahead of the Americans, only a few enemy officers remaining to surrender positions, guns and supplies. These then retire under a white flag.

AMERICANS PRESS ON TO THE RHINE; WARMLY GREETED

(Continued from First Page.)

Ruppert of New York, \$4,750 each, and George Ehret, New York, \$3,500; C. W. Flegenspan, \$4,750, and N. J. & M. L. Griel, address not given, \$4,750 each.

Papers dealing with the Washington Times were brought to the committee by the witness under a subpoena.

Major E. Lowry Humes of the Army Judge Advocate General's Department, who has aided the Government in compiling data in connection with the investigation, conducted the examination of witnesses and the introduction of documents.

SAYS BREWERS DID NOT SEEK TO BUY NEWSPAPERS.

This Montgomery transaction also is to be investigated by the committee. Feigenbaum was asked whether his committee tried to buy newspapers.

"No," he replied. "Our business was to give publicity to matters that would show the favorable side of our business."

"Did you try to make public sentiment?" asked Senator Overman.

"We tried to show the good qualities of our product," said Feigenbaum. "Didn't you hire editorial writers to write in magazines?" asked Nelson.

"We hired them to write on certain subjects," said the witness.

"What subjects?"

"Well, for instance, the increase in the use of drugs in dry territory."

Feigenbaum said he was not clear about Kern, but knew he was paid \$5,000 a year by somebody, and that he did write articles on the liquor traffic.

Feigenbaum denied his committee ever tried to influence legislation. He said he had no recollection of spending \$2,000 in Connecticut to influence legislation there when Humes showed him a letter bearing on that subject. He also denied any connection with the Socialist Party.

Senator King sought to have the committee limit its inquiry for the present to the Washington Times case, but was overruled.

Feigenbaum testified he first became acquainted with Brisbane two or three years ago when he called to see him regarding the possible purchase of the Newark Star-Eagle. Nothing came of this, he said.

Feigenbaum said he had never talked with William R. Hearst.

He admitted that the brewers had contributed generously to the National Association of Commerce and Labor.

The money, he said, was to be spent, as he understood it, to interest allied organizations, so "that we would not be exterminated."

Feigenbaum said so far as he knew the money was not spent for political purposes in the interests of certain candidates.

Humes brought out the fact that brewers throughout the country were taxed on every barrel of beer, the proceeds to be used in an advertising campaign. Feigenbaum also admitted that in New Jersey, and presumably other States, a State assessment for this purpose was levied.

PRINCE AXEL HONOR GUEST.

Luncheon Given at Waldorf-Astoria for Danish Visitor.

There was nothing to eat to-day for the women who went to the luncheon in honor of Prince Axel of Denmark at the Waldorf-Astoria, but they were permitted to sit in the boxes around the big ballroom and hear the speakers.

Among those at the speakers' table were Maurice Francis Egan, former Ambassador to Denmark; Rear Admiral Fisher, John Hedges, Henry W. Taft, Police Commissioner, Enright, Rear Admiral Gleaves, Gen. George R. Dyer, Dr. George F. Kunz, Henry C. Lewis, William F. Morgan, Dr. John J. Harris, Henry Seligman, Morgan J. O'Brien and Commander Trygve H. Newberry.

LEAPS FROM WINDOW.

News That Brother Was Killed in Action Believed Cause.

A War Department telegram notifying her that her brother, Private Benjamin Reisen, had been killed in action is believed to have caused Mrs. Dora Groszalsky to jump from a window of her apartment on the third floor at No. 230 Blake Avenue, Brooklyn, she is reported to be dying in St. Mary's Hospital.

Mrs. Rose Markowitz, who lives in the same building, told the police she prevented Mrs. Groszalsky from jumping from the roof soon after the telegram arrived this morning. Mrs. Groszalsky has three children.

NAVY CONTRACTS CANCELLED

Ordinance Amounting to \$421,359,000 Will Not Be Manufactured.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Naval ordinance contracts amounting to \$421,359,000 have been cancelled since hostilities ceased, Rear Admiral Earle, chief of the Naval Ordnance Bureau, told the House Naval Committee to-day when the committee began framing the 1920 Naval Appropriation Bill.

BROOKLYN SLAYER'S CONVICTION UPHOLD.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 19.—The Court of Appeals to-day affirmed the conviction of Alton Cleveland of murder in the first degree. Cleveland was found guilty of killing Mrs. Lewis in Brooklyn, whom he shot in a quarrel. He attempted suicide when he was in custody in destroying the sight of one of his eyes.

STURDY SHOES FOR BOYS & GIRLS \$3.50 to \$6.45

Fitted under the supervision of Mr. Paul Monk, New York's Specialist in Footwear for Growing Feet.

Every mother should realize that care in shoeing her children will protect them against future foot ills and discomforts. Mr. Monk, who specializes in

DR. POSNER'S FAMOUS SHOES FOR JUVENILES is delighting thousands of children and young ladies and pleasing their mothers with his service.

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Our Mid-Week Special for Tuesday and Wednesday, Nov. 19th & 20th

MOLASSES PEPPERMINT CUPS—An original Molasses Candy with a molasses that is always new for who can resist the flavor of Pure, Open Bettle New Orleans Molasses and the finest Oil of Peppermint when deliciously concentrated by LOFT (Largest) and LOFT. This is the only one offer you to-day and to-morrow at a price unheard of in these days. FOUND BOX 25c

Attractive Tuesday Offerings, Nov. 19th

OLD FASHION GUM DROPS—Big crystallized nuggets of real candy, presented in Lemon, Rose and Strawberry flavors. Liked by candy lovers big and little. Old time sweets that never fail to bring a smile to your face. **FOUND BOX 34c**

HIGH GRADE A-S-SORTED CHOCOLATE—LAYER or Bon Bons and Chocolate; a strictly fine collection of chocolate covered sweets in pleasing variety. The Bon Bons are made of the finest French Cream. **FOUND BOX 49c**

The DIET DURING and After

The Old Reliable Round Package

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

Very Nutritious, Digestible

The REAL Food-Drink, instantly prepared. Made by the ORIGINAL Horlick process and from carefully selected materials.

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